PyUnity *Release 0.7.1*

Sep 03, 2021

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Version 0.7.0 (in development)

PyUnity is a pure Python 3D Game Engine that was inspired by the structure of the Unity Game Engine. This does not mean that PyUnity are bindings for the UnityEngine. However, this project has been made to facilitate any programmer, beginner or advanced, novice or veteran.

Disclaimer

As we have said above, this is not a set of bindings for the UnityEngine, but a pure Python library to aid in making 3D games in Python.

Installing

To install PyUnity for Linux distributions based on Ubuntu or Debian, use:

> pip3 install pyunity

To install PyUnity for other operating systems, use pip:

```
> pip install pyunity
```

Alternatively, you can clone the repository to build the package from source. The latest version is on the master branch and you can build as follows:

```
> git clone https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity
> git checkout master
> python setup.py install
```

The latest builds are on the develop branch which is the default branch. These builds are sometimes broken, so use at your own risk.

```
> git clone https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity
> python setup.py install
```

Its only dependencies are PyOpenGL, PySDL2, GLFW, Pillow and PyGLM. Microsoft Visual C++ Build Tools are required on Windows for building yourself.

Links

For more information check out the API Documentation.

If you would like to contribute, please first the contributing guidelines see <https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/blob/develop/docs/contributing.md>, check the out latest issues <https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/issues> and make a pull request <https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/pulls>.

4.1 Releases

4.1.1 v0.6.0

Project structure update.

New features:

- Replaced Pygame with PySDL2
- Revamped audio module
- Fixed input bugs
- · Added scene saving
- · Added project saving
- Added project structure
- Automated win32 builds on Appveyor
- · Removed redundant code from fixed function pipeline

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.6.0

4.1.2 v0.5.2

Small minor fix of shader inclusion in binary distributions. Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.5.2

4.1.3 v0.5.1

Bugfix that fixes the shaders and dependency management. Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.5.1

4.1.4 v0.5.0

Big rendering update that completely rewrites rendering code and optimizes it.

New features:

- · Script loading
- Shaders
- Vertex buffer objects and vertex array objects
- · Optimized rendering
- Colours
- Textures
- New lighting system
- · New meshes and mesh loading

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.5.0

4.1.5 v0.4.0

Small release that has large internal changes.

New features:

- Added logger
- Moved around files and classes to make it more pythonic
- Rewrote docs
- Fixed huge bug that broke all versions from 0.2.0-0.3.1
- Clarified README.md

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.4.0

4.1.6 v0.3.1

Bugfix on basically everything because 0.3.0 was messed up. Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.3.1

4.1.7 v0.3.0

After a long break, 0.3.0 is finally here!

New features:

- Added key input (not fully implemented)
- Fixed namespace pollution
- Fixed minor bugs
- Window resizing implemented
- New Scene loading interface
- Python 3.9 support
- Finished pxd files
- LGTM Integration
- AppVeyor is now the main builder
- Code is now PEP8-friendly
- Added tests.py
- Cleaned up working directory

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.3.0

4.1.8 v0.2.1

Small bugfix around the AudioClip loading and inclusion of the OGG file in example 8. Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.2.1

4.1.9 v0.2.0

A CI integration update, with automated building from Appveyor and Travis CI.

Features:

- Shaded faces with crisp colours
- PXD files to optimize Cython further (not yet implemented fully)
- Scene changing
- FPS changes
- Better error handling
- Travis CI and AppVeyor integration
- Simple audio handling
- Changelogs in the dist folder of master
- Releases branch for builds from Travis
- Python 3.6 support
- 1 more example, bringing the total to 8

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.2.0

4.1.10 v0.1.0

Cython update, where everything is cythonized. First big update.

Features:

- Much more optimized rendering with Cython
- A new example
- Primitives
- Scaling
- Tutorials
- New color theme for documentation
- · Timer decorator
- Non-interactive mode
- · Frustrum culling
- · Overall optimization

Notes:

- The FPS config will not have a change due to the inability of cyclic imports in Cython.
- You can see the c code used in Cython in the src folder.
- When installing with setup.py, you can set the environment variable a to anything but an empty string, this will disable recreating the c files. For example:

```
> set a=1
> python setup.py install
```

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.1.0

4.1.11 v0.0.5

Transform updates, with new features extending GameObject positioning.

Features:

- Local transform
- Quaternion
- Better example loader
- Primitive objects in files
- · Fixed jittering when colliding from an angle
- Enabled friction (I don't know when it was turned off)
- Remove scenes from SceneManager
- Vector division

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.0.5

4.1.12 v0.0.4

Physics update.

New features:

- Rigidbodies
- Gravity
- Forces
- · Optimized collision
- Better documentation
- Primitive meshes
- PyUnity mesh files that are optimized for fast loading
- Pushed GLUT to the end of the list so that it has the least priority
- Fixed window loading
- Auto README.md updater

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.0.4

4.1.13 v0.0.3

More basic things added.

Features:

- Examples (5 of them!)
- · Basic physics components
- Lighting
- Better window selection
- More debug options
- File loader for .obj files

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.0.3

4.1.14 v0.0.2

First proper release (v0.0.1 was lost).

Features:

- Documentation
- Meshes

Download source code at https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity/releases/tag/0.0.2

4.2 Tutorials

Here are some tutorials to get you started in using PyUnity. They need no prior knowledge about Unity, but they do require you to be comfortable with using Python.

4.2.1 Tutorial 1: The Basics

In this tutorial you will be learning the basics to using PyUnity, and understanding some key concepts.

What is PyUnity?

PyUnity is a Python implementation of the UnityEngine, which was originally written in C++. PyUnity has been modified to be easy to use in Python, which means that some features have been removed.

Basic concepts

In PyUnity, everything belongs to a GameObject. A GameObject is a named object that has lots of Components on it that will affect the GameObject and other GameObjects. Components are Python objects that do specific things each frame, like rendering an object or deleting other GameObjects.

Transforms

Each GameObject has a special component called a Transform. A Transform holds information about the GameObject's position, rotation and scale.

A Transform also manages the hierarchy system in PyUnity. Each transforms can have multiple children, which are all Transforms attached to the children GameObjects. All transforms will have a localPosition, localRotation and localScale, which are all relative to their parent. In addition, all Transforms will have a position, rotation and scale property which is measured in global space.

For example, if there is a Transform at 1 unit up from the origin, and its child had a localPosition of 1 unit right, then the child would have a position of 1 unit up and 1 unit to the right.

Code

All of that has now been established, so let's start to program it all! To start, we need to import PyUnity.

```
>>> from pyunity import *
Loaded config
Trying GLFW as a window provider
GLFW doesn't work, trying PySDL2
Trying PySDL2 as a window provider
Using window provider PySDL2
Loaded PyUnity version 0.4.0
```

The output beneath the import is just for debug, you can turn it off with the environment variable PYUNITY_DEBUG_INFO set to "0".

For example:

```
>>> import os
>>> os.environ["PYUNITY_DEBUG_INFO"] = "0"
>>> from pyunity import *
>>> # No output
```

Now we have loaded the module, we can start creating our GameObjects. To create a GameObject, use the GameObject class:

```
>>> root = GameObject("Root")
```

Then we can change its position by accessing its transform. All GameObjects have references to their transform by the transform attribute, and all components have a reference to the GameObject and the Transform that they belong to, by the gameObject and transform attributes. Here's how to make the GameObject positioned 1 unit up, 2 units to the right and 3 units forward:

```
>>> root.transform.localPosition = Vector3(2, 1, 3)
```

A Vector3 is just a way to represent a 3D vector. In PyUnity the coordinate system is a left-hand Y-axis up system, which is essentially what OpenGL uses, but with the Z-axis flipped.

Then to add a child to the GameObject, specify the parent GameObject as the second argument:

```
>>> child1 = GameObject("Child1", root)
>>> child2 = GameObject("Child2", root)
```

Note: Accessing the localPosition, localRotation and localScale attributes are faster than using the position, rotation and scale properties. Use the local attributes whenever you can.

Rotation

Rotation is measured in Quaternions. Do not worry about these, because they use some very complex maths. All you need to know are these methods:

- 1. To make a Quaternion that represents no rotation, use Quaternion.identity(). This just means no rotation.
- 2. To make a Quaternion from an axis and angle, use the Quaternion.FromAxis() method. What this does is it creates a Quaternion that represents a rotation around an axis clockwise, by angle degrees. The axis does not need to be normalized.
- 3. To make a Quaternion from Euler angles, use Quaternion.Euler. This creates a Quaternion from Euler angles, where it is rotated on the Z-axis first, then the X-axis, and finally the Y-axis.

Transforms also have localEulerAngles and eulerAngles properties, which just represent the Euler angles of the rotation Quaternions. If you don't know what to do, only use the eulerAngles property.

In the next tutorial, we'll be covering how to render things and use a Scene.

4.2.2 Tutorial 2: Rendering in Scenes

Last tutorial we covered some basic concepts on GameObjects and Transforms, and this time we'll be looking at how to render things in a window.

Scenes

A Scene is like a page to draw on: you can add things, remove things and change things. To create a scene, you can call SceneManager.AddScene:

>>> scene = SceneManager.AddScene("Scene")

In your newly created scene, you have 2 GameObjects: a Main Camera, and a Light. These two things can be moved around like normal GameObjects.

Next, let's move the camera back 10 units:

>>> scene.mainCamera.transform.localPosition = Vector3(0, 0, -10)

scene.mainCamera references the Camera Component on the Main Camera, so we can access the Transform by using its transform attribute.

Meshes

To render anything, we need a model of it. Let's say we want to create a cube. Then we need a model of a cube, or what's called a mesh. Meshes have 4 pieces of data: the vertices (or points), the faces, the normals and the texture coordinates. Normals are just vectors saying which way the face is pointing, and texture coordinates are coordinates to represent how an image is displayed on the surface of a mesh.

For a simple object like a cube, we don't need to create our own mesh. Fortunately there is a method called Mesh. cube which creates a cube for us. Here it is:

>>> cubeMesh = Mesh.cube(2)

The 2 means to create a cube with side lengths of 2. Then, to render this mesh, we need a new Component.

The MeshRenderer

The MeshRenderer is a Component that can render a mesh in the scene. To add a new Component, we can use a method called AddComponent:

```
>>> cube = GameObject("cube")
>>> renderer = cube.AddComponent(MeshRenderer)
```

Now we can give our renderer the cube mesh from before.

>>> renderer.mesh = cubeMesh

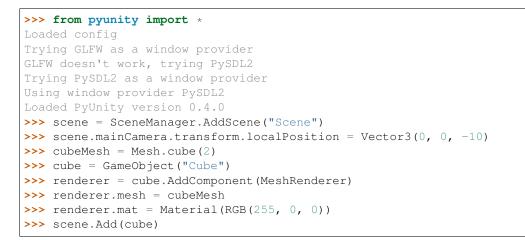
Finally, we need a Material to use. To create a Material, we need to specify a colour in RGB.

>>> renderer.mat = Material(RGB(255, 0, 0))

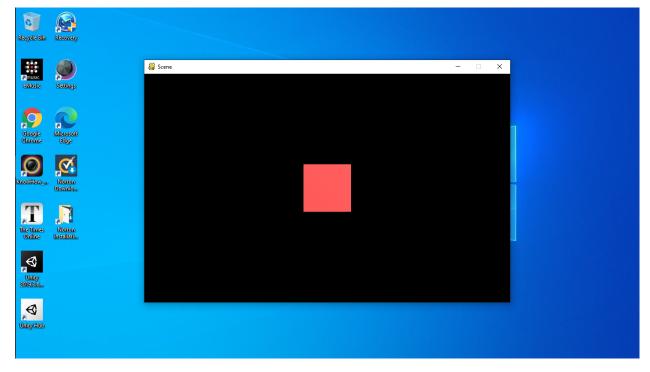
Here I used a red material. Finally we need to add the cube to our scene, otherwise we can't see it in the window:

```
>>> scene.Add(cube)
```

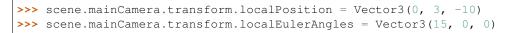
The full code:



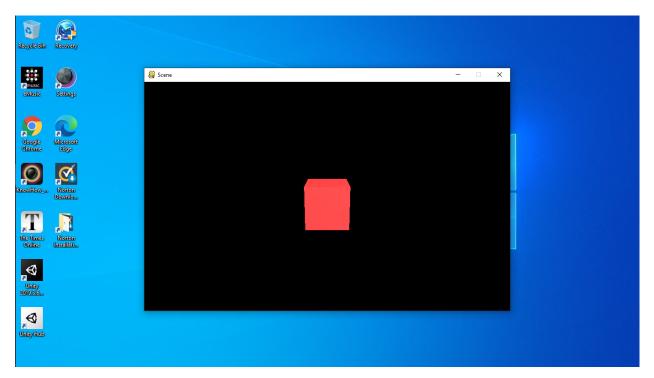
Then, to run our scene, we use ${\tt scene.Run}$ (). And now we have a cube:



To see it better, let's move the camera up a bit and tilt it downwards. Replace the third line with this:



Now we can see it better:



Let's say we want to place an image onto the cube. To do this, we need to change the Material and add a Texture.

>>> renderer.mat = Material(RGB(255, 255, 255), Texture2D("python.png"))

Place python.png in the same folder as your script and run the code. Here is the image for reference:



And here is the complete code:

```
from pyunity import *
scene = SceneManager.AddScene("Scene")
scene.mainCamera.transform.localPosition = Vector3(0, 0, -10)
cubeMesh = Mesh.cube(2)
cube = GameObject("Cube")
renderer = cube.AddComponent(MeshRenderer)
renderer.mesh = cubeMesh
renderer.mat = Material(RGB(255, 0, 0), Texture2D("python.png"))
scene.Add(cube)
scene.Run()
```

Debugging

If you want to see what you've done already, then you can use a number of debugging methods. The first is to call scene.List():

>>> scene.List()
/Main Camera
/Light
/Cube

This lists all the Gameobjects in the scene. Then, let's check the cube's components:

```
>>> cube.components
[<Transform position=Vector3(0, 0, 0) rotation=Quaternion(1, 0, 0, 0) scale=Vector3(1,
→ 1, 1) path="/Cube">, <pyunity.core.MeshRenderer object at 0x0B170CA0>]
```

Finally, let's check the Main Camera's transform.

```
>>> scene.mainCamera.transform
<Transform position=Vector3(0, 3, -10) rotation=Quaternion(0.9914448613738104, 0.
→13052619222005157, 0.0, 0.0) scale=Vector3(1, 1, 1) path="/Main Camera">
```

Next tutorial, we'll be covering scripts and Behaviours.

4.2.3 Tutorial 3: Scripts and Behaviours

Last tutorial we covered rendering meshes. In this tutorial we will be seeing how to make 2 GameObjects interact with each other.

Behaviours

A Behaviour is a Component that you can create yourself. To create a Behaviour, subclass from it:

```
>>> class MyBehaviour(Behaviour):
... pass
```

In this case the Behaviour does nothing. To make it do something, use the Update function:

```
>>> class Rotator(Behaviour):
... def Update(self, dt):
... self.transform.localEulerAngles += Vector3(0, 90, 0) * dt
```

What this does is it rotates the GameObject that the Behaviour is on by 90 degrees each second around the y-axis. The Update function takes 1 argument, dt, which is how many seconds have passed since the last frame.

Behaviours vs Components

Look at the code for the Component class:

```
class Component:
    def __init__(self):
        self.gameObject = None
        self.transform = None
```

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```
def GetComponent(self, component):
    return self.gameObject.GetComponent(component)

def AddComponent(self, component):
    return self.gameObject.AddComponent(component)
```

A Component has 2 attributes: gameObject and transform. This is set whenever the Component is added to a GameObject. A Behaviour is subclassed from a Component and so has the same attributes. Each frame, the Scene will call the Update function on all Behaviours, passing the time since the last frame in seconds.

When you want to do something at the start of the Scene, use the Start function. That will be called right at the start of the scene, when scene.Run() is called.

```
>>> class MyBehaviour(Behaviour):
... def Start(self):
... self.a = 0
... def Update(self, dt):
... print(self.a)
... self.a += dt
```

The example above will print in seconds how long it had been since the start of the Scene. Note that the order in which all Behaviours' Start functions will be the orders of the GameObjects.

With this, you can create all sorts of Components, and because Behaviour is subclassed from Component, you can add a Behaviour to a GameObject with AddComponent.

Examples

This creates a spinning cube:

```
>>> class Rotator(Behaviour):
... def Update(self, dt):
... self.transform.localEulerAngles += Vector3(0, 90, 135) * dt
...
>>> scene = SceneManager.AddScene("Scene")
>>> cube = GameObject("Cube")
>>> renderer = cube.AddComponent(MeshRenderer)
>>> renderer.mesh = Mesh.cube(2)
>>> renderer.mat = Material(RGB(255, 0, 0))
>>> cube.AddComponent(Rotator)
>>> scene.Add(cube)
>>> scene.Run()
```

This is a debugging Behaviour, which prints out the change in position, rotation and scale each 10 frames:

```
class Debugger(Behaviour):
    lastPos = Vector3.zero()
    lastRot = Quaternion.identity()
    lastScl = Vector3.one()
    a = 0
    def Update(self, dt):
        self.a += 1
        if self.a == 10:
            print(self.transform.position - self.lastPos)
            print(self.transform.rotation.conjugate * self.lastRot)
```

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```
print(self.transform.scale / self.lastScl)
self.a = 0
```

Note that the printed output for non-moving things would be as so:

```
Vector3(0, 0, 0)
Quaternion(1, 0, 0, 0)
Vector3(1, 1, 1)
Vector3(0, 0, 0)
Quaternion(1, 0, 0, 0)
Vector3(1, 1, 1)
Vector3(0, 0, 0)
Quaternion(1, 0, 0, 0)
Vector3(1, 1, 1)
...
```

This means no rotation, position or scale change. It will break when you set the scale to Vector3(0, 0, 0).

In the next tutorial we'll be looking at physics.

4.3 Links

Here are some links to websites about the PyUnity project:

https://github.com/pyunity/pyunity - GitHub repository

https://pypi.org/project/pyunity - PyPi page

https://discord.gg/zTn48BEbF9 - Discord server

4.4 License

MIT License

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4.5 API Documentation

Information on specific functions, classes, and methods.

4.5.1 Subpackages

pyunity.physics package

A basic 3D Physics engine that uses similar concepts to the Unity Engine itself. Only supports non-rotated colliders.

To create an immoveable object, use math.inf or the provided infinity variable. This will make the object not be able to move, unless you set an initial velocity. Then, the collider will either push everything it collides with, or bounces it back at twice the speed.

Example

```
>>> cube = GameObject("Cube")
>>> collider = cube.AddComponent(AABBoxCollider)
>>> collider.SetSize(-Vector3.one(), Vector3.one())
>>> collider.velocity = Vector3.right()
```

Configuration

If you want to change some configurations, import the config file like so:

```
>>> from pyunity.physics import config
```

Inside the config file there are some configurations:

• gravity is the gravity of the whole system. It only affects Rigidbodies that have Rigidbody.gravity set to True.

Submodules

pyunity.physics.config module

```
pyunity.physics.config.gravity = Vector3(0, -9.81, 0)
Gravitational constant (9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>)
```

pyunity.physics.core module

Core classes of the PyUnity physics engine.

```
class pyunity.physics.core.AABBoxCollider(transform)
    Bases: pyunity.physics.core.Collider
```

An axis-aligned box collider that cannot be deformed.

min

The corner with the lowest coordinates.

Type Vector3

max

The corner with the highest coordinates.

Type Vector3

pos

The center of the AABBoxCollider

Type Vector3

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

CheckOverlap(other)

Checks to see if the bounding box of two colliders overlap.

Parameters other (Collider) - Other collider to check against

Returns Whether they are overlapping or not

Return type bool

GetComponent (component)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (*component*)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

SetSize(min, max)

Sets the size of the collider.

Parameters

- **min** (*Vector3*) The corner with the lowest coordinates.
- **max** (*Vector3*) The corner with the highest coordinates.

collidingWith(other)

Check to see if the collider is colliding with another collider.

Parameters other (Collider) - Other collider to check against

Returns Collision data

Return type Manifold or None

Notes

To check against another AABBoxCollider, the corners are checked to see if they are inside the other collider.

To check against a SphereCollider, the check is as follows:

- 1. The sphere's center is checked to see if it is inside the AABB.
- 2. If it is, then the two are colliding.
- 3. If it isn't, then a copy of the position is clamped to the AABB's bounds.
- 4. Finally, the distance between the clamped position and the original position is measured.
- 5. If the distance is bigger than the sphere's radius, then the two are colliding.
- 6. If not, then they aren't colliding.

class pyunity.physics.core.CollManager

Bases: object

Manages the collisions between all colliders.

rigidbodies

Dictionary of rigidbodies and the colliders on the gameObject that the Rigidbody belongs to

Type dict

dummyRigidbody

A dummy rigidbody used when a GameObject has colliders but no rigidbody. It has infinite mass

Type Rigidbody

AddPhysicsInfo(scene)

Get all colliders and rigidbodies from a specified scene. This overwrites the collider and rigidbody lists, and so can be called whenever a new collider or rigidbody is added or removed.

Parameters scene (Scene) – Scene to search for physics info

Notes

This function will overwrite the pre-existing dictionary of rigidbodies. When there are colliders but no rigidbody is on the GameObject, then they are placed in the dictionary with a dummy Rigidbody that has infinite mass and a default physic material. Thus, they cannot move.

CheckCollisions()

Goes through every pair exactly once, then checks their collisions and resolves them.

GetRestitution(a, b)

Get the restitution needed for two rigidbodies, based on their combine function

Parameters

- a (Rigidbody) Rigidbody 1
- **b** (Rigidbody) Rigidbody 2

Returns Restitution

Return type float

$\mathbf{Step}\left(dt\right)$

Steps through the simulation at a given delta time.

Parameters dt (float) – Delta time to step

Notes

The simulation is stepped 10 times manually by the scene, so it is more precise.

class pyunity.physics.core.Collider(transform, is_dummy=False)
Bases: pyunity.core.Component

Collider base class.

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (*component*)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (*component*)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls *RemoveComponents* on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

class pyunity.physics.core.Manifold(a, b, normal, penetration)
 Bases: object

Class to store collision data.

Parameters

- **a** (Collider) The first collider
- **b** (Collider) The second collider
- normal (Vector3) The collision normal
- **penetration** (*float*) How much the two colliders overlap

class pyunity.physics.core.PhysicMaterial(restitution=0.75, friction=1, immutable=False) Bases: object

Class to store data on a collider's material.

Parameters

- **restitution** (*float*) Bounciness of the material
- **friction** (*float*) Friction of the material

restitution

Bounciness of the material

Type float

friction

Friction of the material

Type float

combine

Combining function. -1 means minimum, 0 means average, and 1 means maximum

Type int

class pyunity.physics.core.Rigidbody(transform, dummy=False)
Bases: pyunity.core.Component

Class to let a GameObject follow physics rules.

mass

Mass of the Rigidbody. Defaults to 100

Type int or float

velocity

Velocity of the Rigidbody

Type Vector3

physicMaterial

Physics material of the Rigidbody

Type PhysicMaterial

position

Position of the Rigidbody. It is assigned to its GameObject's position when the CollHandler is created

Type Vector3

AddComponent (*component*)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

AddForce (force)

Apply a force to the center of the Rigidbody.

Parameters force (*Vector3*) – Force to apply

Notes

A force is a gradual change in velocity, whereas an impulse is just a jump in velocity.

AddImpulse (*impulse*)

Apply an impulse to the center of the Rigidbody.

Parameters impulse (Vector3) – Impulse to apply

Notes

A force is a gradual change in velocity, whereas an impulse is just a jump in velocity.

GetComponent (*component*)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

Move (dt)

Moves all colliders on the GameObject by the Rigidbody's velocity times the delta time.

Parameters dt (*float*) – Time to simulate movement by

MovePos (offset)

Moves the rigidbody and its colliders by an offset.

Parameters offset (Vector3) - Offset to move

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

class pyunity.physics.core.**SphereCollider** (*transform*) Bases: pyunity.physics.core.Collider

A spherical collider that cannot be deformed.

min

The corner with the lowest coordinates.

Type Vector3

max

The corner with the highest coordinates.

Type Vector3

pos

The center of the SphereCollider

Type Vector3

radius

The radius of the SphereCollider

Type Vector3

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

CheckOverlap(other)

Checks to see if the bounding box of two colliders overlap.

Parameters other (Collider) – Other collider to check against

Returns Whether they are overlapping or not

Return type bool

GetComponent (component)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

SetSize(radius, offset)

Sets the size of the collider.

Parameters

- **radius** (*float*) The radius of the collider.
- offset (Vector3) Offset of the collider.

collidingWith(*other*)

Check to see if the collider is colliding with another collider.

Parameters other (Collider) - Other collider to check against

Returns Collision data

Return type Manifold or None

Notes

To check against another SphereCollider, the distance and the sum of the radii is checked.

To check against an AABBoxColider, the check is as follows:

- 1. The sphere's center is checked to see if it is inside the AABB.
- 2. If it is, then the two are colliding.
- 3. If it isn't, then a copy of the position is clamped to the AABB's bounds.
- 4. Finally, the distance between the clamped position and the original position is measured.
- 5. If the distance is bigger than the sphere's radius, then the two are colliding.
- 6. If not, then they aren't colliding.

pyunity.scenes package

Module to create and load Scenes.

Submodules

pyunity.scenes.scene module

Class to load, render and manage GameObjects and their various components.

You should never use the Scene class directly, instead, only use the SceneManager class.

class pyunity.scenes.scene.Scene(name)

Bases: object

Class to hold all of the GameObjects, and to run the whole scene.

Parameters name (*str*) – Name of the scene

Notes

Create a scene using the SceneManager, and don't create a scene directly using this class.

Add (gameObject) Add a GameObject to the scene.

Parameters gameObject (GameObject) - The GameObject to add.

FindComponentByType(component)

Finds the first matching Component that is in the Scene.

Parameters component (*type*) – Component type

Returns The matching Component

Return type Component

Raises ComponentException – If the component is not found

FindComponentsByType (component)

Finds all matching Components that are in the Scene.

Parameters component (*type*) – Component type

Returns List of the matching Components

Return type list

FindGameObjectsByName(name)

Finds all GameObjects matching the specified name.

Parameters name (*str*) – Name of the GameObject

Returns List of the matching GameObjects

Return type list

FindGameObjectsByTagName(name)

Finds all GameObjects with the specified tag name.

Parameters name (*str*) – Name of the tag

Returns List of matching GameObjects

Return type list

Raises GameObjectException – When there is no tag named name

FindGameObjectsByTagNumber(num)

Gets all GameObjects with a tag of tag num.

Parameters num(*int*) – Index of the tag

Returns List of matching GameObjects

Return type list

Raises GameObjectException – If there is no tag with specified index.

List()

Lists all the GameObjects currently in the scene.

Remove (gameObject)

Remove a GameObject from the scene.

Parameters gameObject (GameObject) - GameObject to remove.

Raises PyUnityException – If the specified GameObject is not part of the Scene.

Start()

Start the internal parts of the Scene.

inside_frustrum(renderer)

Check if the renderer's mesh can be seen by the main camera.

Parameters renderer (MeshRenderer) - Renderer to test

Returns If the mesh can be seen

Return type bool

start_scripts()

Start the scripts in the Scene.

update()

Updating function to pass to the window provider.

```
update_scripts()
```

Updates all scripts in the scene.

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager module

Module that manages creation and deletion of Scenes.

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.AddBareScene (*sceneName*) Add a scene to the SceneManager. Pass in a scene name to create a scene.

Parameters sceneName (*str*) – Name of the scene

Returns Newly created scene

Return type Scene

Raises PyUnityException – If there already exists a scene called *sceneName*

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.AddScene(sceneName)

Add a scene to the SceneManager. Pass in a scene name to create a scene.

Parameters sceneName (*str*) – Name of the scene

Returns Newly created scene

Return type Scene

Raises PyUnityException – If there already exists a scene called *sceneName*

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.CurrentScene()
Gets the current scene being run

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.GetSceneByIndex(index)
 Get a scene by its index.

Parameters index (*int*) – Index of the scene

Returns Specified scene at index *index*

Return type Scene

Raises IndexError – If there is no scene at the specified index

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.GetSceneByName(name)

Get a scene by its name.

Parameters name (str) – Name of the scene

Returns Specified scene with name of name

Return type Scene

Raises KeyError – If there is no scene called name

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.LoadScene (scene)
Load a scene by a reference.

Parameters scene (Scene) - Scene to be loaded

Raises

- TypeError When the scene is not of type Scene
- PyUnityException When the scene is not part of the SceneManager. This is checked because the SceneManager has to make some checks before the scene can be run.

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.LoadSceneByIndex(index)

Loads a scene by its index of when it was added to the SceneManager.

Parameters index (*int*) – Index of the scene

Raises

- TypeError When the provided index is not an integer
- PyUnityException When there is no scene at index index

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.LoadSceneByName (name)

Loads a scene by its name.

Parameters name (str) – Name of the scene

Raises

• TypeError – When the provided name is not a string

• PyUnityException - When there is no scene named name

pyunity.scenes.sceneManager.RemoveAllScenes() Removes all scenes from the SceneManager.

Parameters scene (Scene) - Scene to remove

Raises

- TypeError If the provided scene is not type Scene
- PyUnityException If the scene is not part of the SceneManager

pyunity.window package

A module used to load the window providers.

The window is provided by one of three providers: GLFW, PySDL2 and GLUT. When you first import PyUnity, it checks to see if any of the three providers work. The testing order is as above, so GLUT is tested last.

To create your own provider, create a class that has the following methods:

- ____init___: initiate your window and check to see if it works.
- **start:** start the main loop in your window. The first parameter is update_func, which is called when you want to do the OpenGL calls.

Check the source code of any of the window providers for an example. If you have a window provider, then please create a new pull request.

pyunity.window.**GetWindowProvider**() Gets an appropriate window provider to use

```
pyunity.window.glfwCheck()
Checks to see if GLFW works
```

```
pyunity.window.glutCheck()
Checks to see if GLUT works
```

```
pyunity.window.sdl2Check()
Checks to see if PySDL2 works
```

Submodules

pyunity.window.glfwWindow module

Class to create a window using GLFW.

class pyunity.window.glfwWindow.Window(name, resize)
 Bases: object

A window provider that uses GLFW.

Raises PyUnityException - If the window creation fails

start (update_func)
 Start the main loop of the window.

Parameters update_func (function) – The function that calls the OpenGL calls.

pyunity.window.glutWindow module

Class to create a window using FreeGLUT.

class pyunity.window.glutWindow.Window(name, resize)
 Bases: object

A window provider that uses FreeGLUT.

display() Function to render in the scene.

schedule_update (*t*) Starts the window refreshing.

start (update_func)
 Start the main loop of the window.

Parameters update_func (function) – The function that calls the OpenGL calls.

pyunity.window.sdl2Window module

Class to create a window using PySDL2.

```
class pyunity.window.sdl2Window.Window(name, resize)
    Bases: object
```

A window provider that uses PySDL2.

pyunity.window.templateWindow module

Template window provider, use this for creating new window providers

```
class pyunity.window.templateWindow.Window(name, resize)
    Bases: object
```

A template window provider.

start (update_func)
 Start the main loop of the window.

Parameters update_func (function) – The function that calls the OpenGL calls.

4.5.2 Submodules

pyunity.audio module

Classes to manage the playback of audio. It uses the sdl2.sdlmixer library. A variable in the config module called audio will be set to False if the mixer module cannot be initialized.

class pyunity.audio.AudioClip(path)
Bases: object

Class to store information about an audio file.

path

Path to the file

Type str

music

Sound chunk that can be played with an SDL2 Mixer Channel. Only set when the AudioClip is played in an AudioSource.

Type sdl2.sdlmixer.mixer.Mix_Chunk

class pyunity.audio.AudioListener(transform)

Bases: pyunity.core.Component

Class to receive audio events and to base spatial sound from. By default the Main Camera has an AudioListener, but you can also remove it and add a new one to another GameObject in a Scene. There can only be one AudioListener, otherwise sound is disabled.

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

DeInit()

Stops all AudioSources and frees memory that is used by the AudioClips.

GetComponent (component)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

Init()

Initializes the AudioListener.

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

class pyunity.audio.AudioSource(transform)

Bases: pyunity.core.Component

Manages playback on an AudioSource.

clip

Clip to play. Best way to set the clip is to use the ${\tt SetClip}$ function.

Type AudioClip

playOnStart

Whether it plays on start or not.

Type bool

Loop

Whether it loops or not. This is not fully supported.

Type bool

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (component)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

Pause()

Pauses the AudioClip attached to the AudioSource.

Play()

Plays the AudioClip attached to the AudioSource.

Playing

Gets if the AudioSource is playing.

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

SetClip(clip)

Sets a clip for the AudioSource to play.

Parameters clip (AudioClip) - AudioClip to play

Stop()

Stops playing the AudioClip attached to the AudioSource.

UnPause()

Unpauses the AudioClip attached to the AudioSource.

pyunity.core module

Core classes for the PyUnity library.

This module has some key classes used throughout PyUnity, and have to be in the same file due to references both ways. Usually when you create a scene, you should never create Components directly, instead add them with AddComponent.

Example

To create a GameObject with 2 children, one of which has its own child, and all have MeshRenderers:

```
>>> from pyunity import * # Import
Loaded config
Trying GLFW as a window provider
GLFW doesn't work, trying PySDL2
Trying PySDL2 as a window provider
Using window provider PySDL2
Loaded PyUnity version 0.7.1
>>> mat = Material(RGB(255, 0, 0)) # Create a default material
>>> root = GameObject("Root") # Create a root GameObjects
>>> child1 = GameObject("Child1", root) # Create a child
>>> child1.transform.localPosition = Vector3(-2, 0, 0) # Move the child
>>> renderer = child1.AddComponent (MeshRenderer) # Add a renderer
>>> renderer.mat = mat # Add a material
>>> renderer.mesh = Mesh.cube(2) # Add a mesh
>>> child2 = GameObject("Child2", root) # Create another child
>>> renderer = child2.AddComponent (MeshRenderer) # Add a renderer
>>> renderer.mat = mat # Add a material
>>> renderer.mesh = Mesh.quad(1) # Add a mesh
>>> grandchild = GameObject("Grandchild", child2) # Add a grandchild
>>> grandchild.transform.localPosition = Vector3(0, 5, 0) # Move the grandchild
>>> renderer = grandchild.AddComponent (MeshRenderer) # Add a renderer
>>> renderer.mat = mat # Add a material
>>> renderer.mesh = Mesh.cube(3) # Add a mesh
>>> root.transform.List() # List all GameObjects
/Root
/Root/Child1
/Root/Child2
/Root/Child2/Grandchild
>>> child1.components # List child1's components
[<Transform position=Vector3(-2, 0, 0) rotation=Quaternion(1, 0, 0, 0)]
→scale=Vector3(1, 1, 1) path="/Root/Child1">, <pyunity.core.MeshRenderer object at_
↔0x0A929460>]
>>> child2.transform.children # List child2's children
[<Transform position=Vector3(0, 5, 0) rotation=Quaternion(1, 0, 0, 0) scale=Vector3(1,
→ 1, 1) path="/Root/Child2/Grandchild">]
```

class pyunity.core.Component(transform, is_dummy=False)

Bases: object

Base class for built-in components.

gameObject

GameObject that the component belongs to.

Type GameObject

transform

Transform that the component belongs to.

Type Transform

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (*component*)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (*component*)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (*component*)

Calls *RemoveComponents* on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

class pyunity.core.GameObject(name='GameObject', parent=None)

Bases: object

Class to create a GameObject, which is an object with components.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*, *optional*) Name of GameObject
- parent (GameObject or None) Parent of GameObject

name

Name of the GameObject

Type str

components

List of components

Type list

tag

Tag that the GameObject has (defaults to tag 0 or Default)

Type Tag

transform

Transform that belongs to the GameObject

Type Transform

AddComponent (componentClass)

Adds a component to the GameObject. If it is a transform, set GameObject's transform to it.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (*componentClass*)

Gets a component from the GameObject. Will return first match. For all matches, use GetComponents.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

Returns The specified component, or None if the component is not found

Return type Component or None

GetComponents (*componentClass*)

Gets all matching components from the GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

Returns A list of all matching components

Return type list

RemoveComponent (*componentClass*)

Removes the first matching component from a GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (type) - Component to remove

Raises

- ComponentException If the GameObject doesn't have the specified component
- ComponentException If the specified component is a Transform

RemoveComponents (*componentClass*)

Removes all matching component from a GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (*type*) – Component to remove

Raises ComponentException – If the specified component is a Transform

class pyunity.core.Light (transform, is_dummy=False)
Bases: pyunity.core.SingleComponent

Component to hold data about the light in a scene.

intensity

Intensity of light

Type int

AddComponent (component) Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (*component*)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (*component*)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

```
class pyunity.core.MeshRenderer(transform, is_dummy=False)
Bases: pyunity.core.SingleComponent
```

Component to render a mesh at the position of a transform.

mesh

Mesh that the MeshRenderer will render.

Type Mesh

mat

Material to use for the mesh

Type Material

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (component)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (*component*)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (*component*)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls *RemoveComponents* on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

Render()

Render the mesh that the MeshRenderer has.

class pyunity.core.SingleComponent(transform, is_dummy=False)

Bases: pyunity.core.Component

Represents a component that can be added only once.

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (component)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (*component*)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

class pyunity.core.Tag(tagNumOrName)

Bases: object

Class to group GameObjects together without referencing the tags.

Parameters tagNumOrName (str or int) – Name or index of the tag

Raises

- ValueError If there is no tag name
- IndexError If there is no tag at the provided index
- TypeError If the argument is not a str or int

tagName

Tag name

Type str

tag

Tag index of the list of tags

Type int

classmethod AddTag(name)

Add a new tag to the tag list.

Parameters name (*str*) – Name of the tag

Returns The tag index

Return type int

tags = ['Default']

List of current tags

class pyunity.core.Transform(transform=None)
 Bases: pyunity.core.SingleComponent

Class to hold data about a GameObject's transformation.

gameObject

GameObject that the component belongs to.

Type GameObject

localPosition

Position of the Transform in local space.

Type Vector3

localRotation

Rotation of the Transform in local space.

Type Quaternion

localScale

Scale of the Transform in local space.

Type Vector3

parent

Parent of the Transform. The hierarchical tree is actually formed by the Transform, not the GameObject. Do not modify this attribute.

Type Transform or None

children

List of children

Type list

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

FullPath()

Gets the full path of the Transform.

Returns The full path of the Transform.

Return type str

GetComponent (*component*)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

List()

Prints the Transform's full path from the root, then lists the children in alphabetical order. This results in a nice list of all GameObjects.

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

ReparentTo (*parent*)

Reparent a Transform.

Parameters parent (Transform) – The parent to reparent to.

eulerAngles

Rotation of the Transform in world space. It is measured in degrees around x, y, and z.

localEulerAngles

Rotation of the Transform in local space. It is measured in degrees around x, y, and z.

position

Position of the Transform in world space.

rotation

Rotation of the Transform in world space.

scale

Scale of the Transform in world space.

pyunity.errors module

Module for all exceptions and warnings related to PyUnity.

```
exception pyunity.errors.ComponentException
```

Bases: pyunity.errors.PyUnityException

Class for PyUnity exceptions relating to components.

with_traceback()
 Exception.with_traceback(tb) - set self.__traceback__ to tb and return self.

exception pyunity.errors.GameObjectException

Bases: pyunity.errors.PyUnityException

Class for PyUnity exceptions relating to GameObjects.

```
with_traceback()
```

Exception.with_traceback(tb) – set self.__traceback__ to tb and return self.

exception pyunity.errors.PyUnityException

Bases: Exception

Base class for PyUnity exceptions.

with_traceback()

Exception.with_traceback(tb) – set self.__traceback__ to tb and return self.

pyunity.files module

Module to load files and scripts. Also manages project structure.

class pyunity.files.Behaviour(transform, is_dummy=False)
Bases: pyunity.core.Component

Base class for behaviours that can be scripted.

gameObject

GameObject that the component belongs to.

Type GameObject

transform

Transform that the component belongs to.

Type Transform

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

FixedUpdate (*dt*)

Called every frame, in each physics step.

Parameters dt (float) – Length of this physics step

GetComponent (component)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

LateUpdate (*dt*)

Called every frame, after physics processing.

Parameters dt (*float*) – Time since last frame, sent by the scene that the Behaviour is in.

RemoveComponent (component)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls RemoveComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

Start()

Called every time a scene is loaded up.

Update (dt)

Called every frame.

Parameters dt (*float*) – Time since last frame, sent by the scene that the Behaviour is in.

class pyunity.files.Texture2D(path)

Bases: object

Class to represent a texture.

$\verb"load"()$

Loads the texture and sets up an OpenGL texture name.

use()

Binds the texture for usage. The texture is reloaded if it hasn't already been.

pyunity.files.convert(type, list)

Converts a Python array to a C type from ctypes.

Parameters

- **type** (_*ctypes.PyCSimpleType*) Type to cast to.
- list (list) List to cast

Returns A C array

Return type Any

pyunity.input module

pyunity.input.GetKey(keycode)
 Check if key has been pressed at moment of function call

Parameters keycode (KeyCode) - Key to query

Returns If the key is pressed

Return type boolean

pyunity.input.GetKeyDown (keycode)
 Check if key was pressed down this frame.

Parameters keycode (KeyCode) - Key to query

Returns If the key is pressed

Return type boolean

pyunity.input.GetKeyUp(keycode)
 Check if key was released this frame.

Parameters keycode (KeyCode) - Key to query

Returns If the key is pressed

Return type boolean

class pyunity.input.KeyCode Bases: enum.Enum

An enumeration.

class pyunity.input.KeyState
 Bases: enum.Enum

An enumeration.

pyunity.loader module

Utility functions related to loading and saving PyUnity meshes and scenes.

This will be imported as pyunity. Loader.

pyunity.loader.LoadMesh(filename)

Loads a .mesh file generated by SaveMesh. It is optimized for faster loading.

Parameters filename (str) – Name of file relative to the cwd

Returns Generated mesh

Return type Mesh

pyunity.loader.LoadObj(filename)

Loads a .obj file to a PyUnity mesh.

Parameters filename (*str*) – Name of file

Returns A mesh of the object file

Return type Mesh

class pyunity.loader.Primitives Bases: object

Primitive preloaded meshes. Do not instantiate this class.

pyunity.loader.SaveMesh(mesh, name, filePath=None)
Saves a mesh to a .mesh file for faster loading.

Parameters

- mesh (Mesh) Mesh to save
- **name** (*str*) Name of the mesh
- **filePath** (*str*, *optional*) Pass in <u>_file_</u> to save in directory of script, otherwise pass in the path of where you want to save the file. For example, if you want to save in C:Downloads, then give "C:Downloadsmesh.mesh". If not specified, then the mesh is saved in the cwd.

pyunity.loader.components = {'AABBoxCollider': <class 'pyunity.physics.core.AABBoxCollide: List of all components by name

pyunity.logger module

Utility functions to log output of PyUnity.

This will be imported as pyunity.Logger.

class pyunity.logger.Level(abbr, name)
 Bases: object

Represents a level or severity to log. You should never instantiate this directly, instead use one of Logging.OUTPUT, Logging.INFO, Logging.DEBUG, Logging.ERROR or Logging.WARN.

- pyunity.logger.Log(*message) Logs a message with level OUTPUT.
- pyunity.logger.LogException(e)
 Log an exception.

Parameters e (Exception) – Exception to log

pyunity.logger.LogLine (level, *message, silent=False)
Logs a line in latest.log found in these two locations: Windows: %appdata%\PyUnity\Logs\latest.
log Other: /tmp/pyunity/logs/latest.log

Parameters level (Level) - Level or severity of log.

pyunity.logger.**LogSpecial** (*level*, *type*) Log a line of level *level* with a special line that is generated at runtime.

Parameters

- level (Level) Level of log
- **type** (Special) The special line to log

pyunity.logger.Save()

Saves a new log file with a timestamp of initializing PyUnity for the first time.

```
class pyunity.logger.Special(func)
    Bases: object
```

Class to represent a special line to log. You should never instantiate this class, instead use one of Logger.RUNNING_TIME.

pyunity.meshes module

Module for meshes created at runtime.

```
class pyunity.meshes.Mesh(verts, triangles, normals, texcoords=None)
Bases: object
```

Class to create a mesh for rendering with a MeshRenderer

Parameters

- **verts** (*list*) List of Vector3's containing each vertex
- **triangles** (*list*) List of ints containing triangles joining up the vertices. Each int is the index of a vertex above.
- normals (list) List of Vector3's containing the normal of each vertex.

verts

List of Vector3's containing each vertex

Type list

triangles

List of lists containing triangles joining up the vertices. Each int is the index of a vertex above. The list is two-dimesional, meaning that each item in the list is a list of three ints.

Type list

normals

List of Vector3's containing the normal of each vertex.

Type list

texcoords

List of lists containing the texture coordinate of each vertex. The list is two-dimesional, meaning that each item in the list is a list of two floats.

Type list (optional)

Notes

When any of the mesh attributes are updated while a scene is running, you must use recompile() to update the mesh so that it is displayed correctly.

```
>>> mesh = Mesh.cube(2)
>>> mesh.vertices[1] = Vector3(2, 0, 0)
>>> mesh.recompile()
```

copy()

Create a copy of the current Mesh.

Returns Copy of the mesh

Return type Mesh

static cube(size)

Creates a cube mesh.

Parameters size (float) - Side length of cube

Returns A cube centered at Vector3(0, 0, 0) that has a side length of size

Return type Mesh

static double_quad(size)

Creates a two-sided quadrilateral mesh.

Parameters size (float) – Side length of quad

Returns A double-sided quad centered at Vector3(0, 0) with side length of size.

Return type Mesh

static quad(size)

Creates a quadrilateral mesh.

Parameters size (float) – Side length of quad

Returns A quad centered at Vector3(0, 0) with side length of size facing in the direction of the negative z axis.

Return type Mesh

pyunity.quaternion module

Class to represent a rotation in 3D space.

class pyunity.quaternion.**Quaternion**(*w*, *x*, *y*, *z*) Bases: object

Class to represent a 4D Quaternion.

Parameters

- w (float) Real value of Quaternion
- **x** (*float*) **x** coordinate of Quaternion
- **y** (float) y coordinate of Quaternion
- **z** (*float*) **z** coordinate of Quaternion

static Euler(vector)

Create a quaternion using Euler rotations.

Parameters vector (*Vector3*) – Euler rotations

Returns Generated quaternion

Return type *Quaternion*

static FromAxis (angle, a)

Create a quaternion from an angle and an axis.

Parameters

- **angle** (*float*) Angle to rotate
- **a** (*Vector3*) Axis to rotate about

RotateVector (*vector*)

Rotate a vector by the quaternion

angleAxisPair

Gets or sets the angle and axis pair.

Notes

When getting, it returns a tuple in the form of (angle, x, y, z). When setting, assign like q. eulerAngles = (angle, vector).

conjugate

The conjugate of a unit quaternion

copy()

Deep copy of the Quaternion.

Returns A deep copy

Return type Quaternion

eulerAngles

Gets or sets the Euler Angles of the quaternion

static identity()

Identity quaternion representing no rotation

normalized()

A normalized Quaternion, for rotations. If the length is 0, then the identity quaternion is returned.

Returns A unit quaternion

Return type Quaternion

pyunity.render module

Classes to aid in rendering in a Scene.

```
class pyunity.render.Camera(transform)
    Bases: pyunity.core.SingleComponent
```

Component to hold data about the camera in a scene.

fov

Fov in degrees measured horizontally. Defaults to 90.

Type int

near

Distance of the near plane in the camera frustrum. Defaults to 0.05.

Type float

far

Distance of the far plane in the camera frustrum. Defaults to 100.

Type float

clearColor

The clear color of the camera. Defaults to (0, 0, 0).

Type RGB

AddComponent (component)

Calls AddComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to add. Must inherit from Component

GetComponent (*component*)

Calls GetComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

GetComponents (component)

Calls GetComponents on the component's GameObject.

Parameters componentClass (Component) - Component to get. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponent (*component*)

Calls RemoveComponent on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

RemoveComponents (component)

Calls *RemoveComponents* on the component's GameObject.

Parameters component (Component) - Component to remove. Must inherit from Component

Resize (*width*, *height*)

Resizes the viewport on screen size change.

Parameters

- width (*int*) Width of new window
- height (int) Height of new window
- pyunity.render.convert(type, list)

Converts a Python array to a C type from ctypes.

Parameters

- **type** (_*ctypes.PyCSimpleType*) Type to cast to.
- **list** (*list*) List to cast

Returns A C array

Return type Any

pyunity.render.gen_array()

Generate a vertex array object.

Returns

A vertex buffer object of floats. Has 3 elements:

vertex # normal # texcoord x, y, z, a, b, c, u, v

Return type Any

pyunity.render.gen_buffers (mesh) Create buffers for a mesh.

Parameters mesh (Mesh) - Mesh to create buffers for

Returns Tuple containing a vertex buffer object and an index buffer object.

Return type tuple

pyunity.vector3 module

A class to represent a 3D point in space, with a lot of utility functions.

4.6 Indices and tables

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